Oak Meadow Skills Progression Key Stage 2 Subject Area: Science

• See Science curriculum

National Curriculum Objectives	• See Science curriculum			
	EYFS	Year 1 and Year 2	Year 3 and Year 4	Year 5 and Year 6
Working Scientifically	 I can choose the resources I need for chosen activities and say when I do or don't need help. I know about similarities and differences in relation to places, objects, materials and living things. I can observe animals and plants. I can explore a variety of materials, tools and techniques, experimenting with colour, design, texture, form and function. I can select and use technology for particular purposes. I can represent my own ideas, thoughts and feelings through design and technology, art, music, dance, role play and stories. I can talk about the features of my own immediate environments may vary from one another. 	 I can ask simple questions and recognise that they can be answered in different ways I can observe closely, using simple equipment I can perform simple tests I can identify and classify a variety of objects I can use my observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions I can gather and record data to help me to answer questions 	 I can ask relevant questions and use different types of scientific enquiry to answer them I can set up practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests I can make systematic and careful observations, and, where appropriate, take accurate measurements in standard units using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers I can gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways to help answer questions I can record findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts and tables I can use results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions 	 I can plan different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary I can take measurements, using scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate I can record data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs line and bar graphs I can use test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests I can report and present findings from enquiries, including conclusions, casual relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations I can identify scientific

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	• I can explain why sc occur and talk about			 I can report on find enquiries, including of written explanation or presentations of conclusions I can identify diffe similarities or chand to simple scientific processes I can use straight- scientific evidence t questions or to sup findings 	pral and sup s, displays ard results and rences, ges related ideas and forward to answer port my	dence that has been used to port or refute ideas or guments
	 Year 1 I can identify and 	Year 2I know that animals,	Year 3I can identify	Year 4 • I can describe the	Year 5 • I can describe the	Year 6 • I can identify and
Animals inc Humans	 name a variety of common British animals that are birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates I can identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores I can describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (birds, fish, amphibians, reptiles, mammals and invertebrates, including pets) I can identify, name, draw and 	 including humans, have offspring which grow into adults I can describe the basic needs of animals, including humans, for survival I can describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food and hygiene 	 that animals, including humans, need the right types of nutrition, and they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat I can identify that humans and some animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement 	simple functions of the basic parts of the digestive system in humans I can identify the different types of teeth in humans and describe their simple functions I can construct and interpret a variety of food chains, identifying producers, predators and prey	changes as humans develop from birth old age in detail	

	label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense				
Living things and their habitats		 I can explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead and things that have never been alive I can identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of animals and plants, and how they depend on each other I can identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats I can describe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food 	 I can recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways I can explore and use classification keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things in the local and wider environment I can recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things 	 I can describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird I can describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals 	 I can describe how living are classified into broad groups according to common observable characteristics and based on similarities and differences, including micro- organisms, plants and animals I can give reasons for classifying plants and animals based on specific characteristics

Plants	 I can identify and name a Variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen tress I can identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees 	 I can observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants I can find out and describe how plants needs water light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy 	 I can identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers I can explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant I can investigate the way in which water is transported within plants I can explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal 		
Seasonal Changes	 I can observe changes across the four seasons I can observe and describe the weather associated with the seasons and how day length varies 				
Materials	 I can distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made I can identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, 	I can identify and compare the suitability of everyday materials including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for		 I can group together everyday materials based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, 	

glass, metal, water	particular uses		conductivity and	
and rock	• I can find out how		response to magnets	
• I can describe simple	the shapes of solid		 I know that some 	
physical properties of	objects made from		materials will dissolve	
a variety of everyday	some materials can be		in liquid to form a	
materials	changed by squashing,		solution and can	
• I can compare and	bending, twisting and		describe how to	
group together a	stretching		recover a substance	
variety of everyday	2		from a solution	
materials on the			• I can use knowledge	
basis of their simple			of solids, liquids and	
physical properties			gases to decide how	
			mixtures might be	
			separated including	
			through filtering,	
			sieving and	
			evaporating	
			• I can give reasons	
			based on evidence	
			from comparative and	
			fair tests for the	
			particular uses of	
			everyday materials	
			including metals,	
			woods and plastics	
			• I can demonstrate	
			that dissolving,	
			mixing and changes of	
			state are reversible	
			changes	
			 I can explain that 	
			• I can explain that some changes result	
			in the formation of	
			new materials, and	
			that this kind of	
			change is not usually	
			reversible, including	
			changes associated	
			with burning and the action of acid on	
			bicarbonate of soda	

Rocks		 I can compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties I can describe how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rocks I can recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter 		
Light		 I can recognise that I need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light I can notice light is reflected from surfaces I can recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect my eyes I can recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by an opaque object I can find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change 		 I can recognise that light appears to travel in straight lines I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain that objects are seen because they give out or reflect light into the eye I explain that we see things because light travels from light sources to our eyes or from light sources to objects and then to our eyes I can use the idea that light travels in straight lines to explain why shadows have the same shape as the objects that cast them

Forces and Magnets		 I can compare how things move on different surfaces I can notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance I can observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others I can compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnets as having two poles I can predict whether two agnets will attract or repel each other 		 I can explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object I can identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction that act between moving surfaces I can recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect 	
Sound			 I can identify how sounds are made, associating some of them with something vibrating I can recognise that vibrations from sounds travel 		

		through a medium to
		the ear
		• I can find patterns
		between the pitch of
		a sound and features
		of the object that
		produced it
		• I can find patterns
		between the volume
		of a sound and the
		strength of the
		vibrations that
		produced it
		I can recognise that
		sounds get fainter as
		the distance from
		the sound source
		 increases
		• I can compare and
		group materials
		together according
		the whether they
		are solids, liquids or
		gases
		• I can observe that
		some materials look
5		different or appear
Ť		to disappear when
4		they are heated or
L L		cooled and measure or
ة م		research the
States of Matter		
ta		temperature at
Ċ		which this happens in
		degrees Celsius
		I can identify the
		part played by
		evaporation and
		condensation in the
		water cycle and
		associate the rate of
		evaporation with

		temperature		
Earth and Space			 I can describe the movement of the Earth and other planets in relation to the sun in the solar system I can describe the movement of the movement of the movement of the Earth I can describe the sun, Earth and moon as approximately spherical bodies I can use the idea of Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky 	
Electricity		 I can identify common appliance that run on electricity I can construct a simple series circuit and name its basic parts including cells, wires, bulbs, switches and buzzers I can identify whether or not a lamp will light in a simple series circuit, based on whether or not the lamp is part of a complete loop 		 I can associate the brightness of a lamp or volume of a buzzer with the number and voltage of cells used in the circuit I can compare and give reasons for variations in how components function, including the brightness of bulbs, the loudness or buzzers and the on/off position of switches

		 with a battery I can recognise that switch opens and closes a circuit and associate this with whether or not a lamp lights in a simple series circuit I can recognise some common conductors and insulators and associate metals with being good conductors 	• I can use the recognised symbols when representing a simple circuit in a diagram
Evolution and Inheritance			 I can recognise that living things have changed over time and that fossils provide information about living things that inhabited the Earth millions of years ago I can recognise that living things produce offspring of the same kind, but normally offspring Vary and are not identical to their parents I can identify how animals and plants are adapted to suit their environment in different ways and that adaptation may lead to evolution